CONTRIBUTIONS OF WOMEN TO NAMED THINGS IN CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS

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Baló, Ilona (née Banga)	1906 -	Hungarian (b.	Wife of Joseph Baló
Baio, nona (nec Banga)	1900 -	Hódmezovásárhely, Hungary)	D.Sc. 1929 Szeged;
		Troumezo vasarnery, rrangary)	collaborator of Albert Szent-
			Györgyi (Vienna, Budapest)
			Discovered actomyosine and
			pancreatic elastase (with
	10.15		Joseph Baló)
Bell-Burnell, Susan Jocelyn	1943 -	British (b. England)	Ph.D. Cambridge 1968
			(Antony Hewish); discoverer of pulsars
Pladgatt Vatharina Durr	1898 - 1979	American (b. Schenectady,	Langmuir-Blodgett film
Blodgett, Katherine Burr	1090 - 1979	•	
		New York, USA)	(1932); never married; Ph.D.
			1926 Cambridge (Ernest
			Rutherford)
Brooks-Pitcher, Harriet	1876 - 1933	Canadian (b. Exeter, Ontario)	BA 1898 McGill (Ernest
			Rutherford); Sorbonne (M.
			Curie)
Brown, Sarah (née Baylen)		American (b. ?)	Wife of Herbert C. Brown ;
			collaborator
Cleve-Euler, Astrid	1875 - 1968	Swedish (b. Uppsala, Sweden)	First wife of Hans von Euler-
			Chelpin; 1898 Stockholm
			(botanist, geologist, and
			chemist)
Cori, Gerty Theresa (née	1896 - 1957	Czech-American (b. Prague,	Wife of Carl Ferdinand Cori;
Radnitz)	1000 1007	Czech Republic)	MD 1920 Carl Ferdinand U,
Nobel Prize Medicine 1947		Czech Kepublie)	·
			Prague; Cori cycle (1928);
			Cori ester (1937)
Cornforth, Rita (née	?	British?	Wife of John Warcup
Harradence)			Cornforth; Ph.D. 1941?
			Oxford (Sir Robert Robinson)
Creutz, Carol	1944 -	American (b. Washington,	Creutz-Taube complex, ion
		D.C., USA)	(1969); Ph.D. 1970 Stanford
			(Henry Taube)
Curie, Marie (Manya née	1867 - 1934	French (b. Warsaw, Poland)	Wife of Pierre Curie ; co-
Sklodowska)		(1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	discoverer of radium (element
Nobel Prizes Chemistry			88) and polonium (element
•			
1911 and Physics 1903			84) in 1898 with Pierre Curie
			in Paris, France
			curie unit of radiation, curium
			(element 96)
			Wife of Pierre Curie ; D.Sc.

			1902 Sorbonne (Antoine
			Becquerel)
Ehrenfest-Afanassjewa,	1876 - 1964	Ukranian (b. Kiev, Ukraine)	Wife of Paul Ehrenfest ;
Tatyana Alexeyevna			studied at Women's Univ. in
			St. Petersburg (Orest D.
			Chvolsou) and in Goettingen
			(Felix Klein; David Hilbert);
			mathematical physicist
Euler-Chelpin, Elisabeth von	1887 - ?	Swedish (b. Forsmark,	Second wife of Hans von
		Uppland, Sweden)	Euler-Chelpin; studied in
			Lund and Stockholm;
			biochemist
Fieser, Mary Peters	1909 - 1997	American (b. Atchison,	Wife of Louis Fieser ; M.A.
		Kansas, USA)	1936 Harvard (Louis Fieser)
Franklin, Rosalind Elsie	1920 - 1958	British (b. London, England)	Ph.D. 1945 Cambridge
			(Ronald G.W. Norrish)
Goeppert-Mayer, Maria	1906 - 1972	Polish-American (b.	Wife of Joseph Mayer ;
Nobel Prize Physics		Kattowitz, Upper Silesia, now	Bigeleisen-Goeppert-Mayer
1963		Katowice, Poland)	heavy atom approximation
			(1947); Nuclear shell model
			(1949); Ph.D. 1930 Gottingen
			(Max Born)
Haber-Immerwahr, Clara	1870 - 1915	Polish-German (b.	Wife of Fritz Haber ; Ph.D.
		Polkendorf, Silesia)	1900 Breslau (Richard
			Abegg)
Hodgkin, Dorothy Mary (née	1910 - 1994	British (b. Cairo, Egypt)	x-ray crystallographic
Crowfoot)			structures of penicillin (1949),
Nobel Prize Chemistry			vitamin B12 (1957), insulin
1964			(1969); Ph.D. 1937
			Cambridge (John D. Bernal)
Ingold, Edith Hilda	1898 - 1988	British (b. London, England)	Wife of Sir Christopher K.
Usherwood			Ingold; Ph.D. 1923 Imperial
			College London (Sir
			Christopher K. Ingold);
			Electronic theory of organic
			chemisry (1926); concept of
			partial charges in chemical
			structures (1926)
Joliot-Curie, Irene	1897 - 1956	French (b. Paris, France)	Daughter of Pierre and Marie

Nobel Prize Chemistry			Curie; Wife of Frederic
1935			Joliot; D.Sc. 1925 Sorbonne
Karle, Isabelle (née Lugoski)	1921 -	American (b. Detroit,	Wife of Jerome Karle ; Ph.D.
		Michigan, USA)	Michigan 1943 (Lawrence O.
			Brockway)
Kornberg, Sylvy R. (née Levy)	?	American ?	Wife of Arthur Kornberg;
			collaborator
Leslie, May Sybil	1887 - 1937	British (b. Woodlesford,	M.Sc. 1909 Leeds (H.M.
		Yorkshire, England)	Dawson); Paris (Marie Curie);
			transmutation of the elements
			(radon from thorium and
			actinium) (1911 – 1912);
			ionization in non-aqueous
			solution (1913); optimized
			process for the manufacture of
			nitric acid (during WWI,
			published in 1922)
Libby, Leona Woods Marshall	1919 - 1986	American (b. La Grange,	Second wife of Willard F.
		Illinois, USA)	Libby; Ph.D. 1923 Yale
			(Robert S. Mulliken)
Lonsdale, Kathleen (née	1903 - 1971	Irish (b. Newbridge, Ireland)	D.Sc. 1927 Roy. Inst. Gr. Brit.
Yardley)			D.Sc. 1936 UC London
			(Sir William H. Bragg)
Lyubimova, Militza	?	Russian (b. ?)	Wife of Vladimir A.
			Engelhardt; co-discoverer of
			aerobic resynthesis of ATP,
			established how myosin
			obtains energy to function
Mangold, Hilde (née	1898 - 1924	German (b. ?)	Wife of Otto Mangold; co-
Proscholdt)			discoverer of organizer in
			embryogenesis (1924);
			Ph.D. 1924 Freiburg
			(Hans Spemann)
Meitner, Lise	1878 - 1968	Austrian (b. Vienna, Austria)	co-discoverer of protactinium
			(element 91) (1917) with Otto
			Hahn in Berlin, Germany
			Nuclear fission (1939); never
			married; Ph.D. 1906 Vienna
			(Franz Exner)

Menten, Maud Leonora	1879 - 1960	Canadian (b. Port Lambton, Ontario, Canada)	Michaelis-Menten kinetics (1913); Ph.D. 1916 Chicago (Albert P. Mathews)
Meyer-Bjerrum, Kirstine	1861 - 1941	Danish (b. Skaerbaek, North Schleswig, Denmark)	Daughter of Niels J. Bjerrum ; Ph.D. 1909 Copenhagen
Michael, Helen Cecilia Desilver Abbott	1857 - 1904	American (b. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA)	Wife of Arthur Michael ; M.D. 1903 Tufts College
Needham, Dorothy Mary (née Moyle)	1896 - 1987	British (b. London, England)	Wife of Joseph Needham ; D.Sc. 1939 Cambridge; biochemist
Noddack, Ida Eva Tacke	1896 - 1978	German (b. Lackhausen, Germany)	Wife of Walther Noddack; Ph.D. 1921 U. Berlin- Charlottenburg (chem. eng.) co-discoverer of rhenium (element 75) (1925) with Walther Noddack in Berlin, Germany
Noyes, Mary Chilton	1855 - 1936	American (b. ?)	Sister of William A. Noyes; Ph.D. 1892 Iowa State or Ph.D. 1895 (Case Western Reserve or Cornell); first woman to obtain doctorate in physics in U.S.
Olah, Judith A. (née Lengyel)	?	American ?	Wife of George A. Olah ; collaborator
Perutz, Gisela (née Peiser)	?	Austrian ?	Wife of Max F. Perutz; collaborator
Perey, Marguerite Catherine	1909 - 1975	French (b. Villemomble, France)	discoverer of francium (element 87) (1939) in Paris, France; Ph.D. 1920s Paris
Pockels, Agnes	1862 - 1935	German (b. Venice, Italy)	Inventor of quantitative method for measuring surface tension; sister of Friedrich Pockels ; no Ph.D.
Robinson, Gertrude Maud Walsh	1886 - 1954	British (b. Winsford, England)	Wife of Sir Robert Robinson ; M.Sc. 1908 Manchester

Staudinger, Magda (née Woit)	1902 - 1997	Estonian (b. Elwa, Estonia)	Wife of Hermann
			Staudinger; Ph.D. 1920s
			Berlin (Gottlieb Haberlandt);
			biochemist, natural scientist
Stieglitz, Mary Rising	1889 - 1977	American (b. Ainsworth,	Second wife of Julius
		Nebraska, USA)	Stieglitz; Ph.D. 1920 Chicago
			(Julius Stieglitz)
Strassmann-Heckter, Maria	1898 - 1956	German (b. Hannover,	Wife of Fritz Strassmann;
Caroline		Germany)	Dr. Ing. 1934 Hannover
			(Gustav Keppeler)
Truter, Mary Rosaleen (née	?	British (b. ?)	Ph.D. 1952 Leeds
Jackman)			(Sir Ernest G. Cox); x-ray
			crystallographer, collaborated
			with Charles Pedersen at UC
			London
Wiedemann, Clara Laura (née	1827 - ?	German (b. Berlin, Germany)	Wife of Gustav H.
Mitscherlich)			Wiedemann
Wu, Chien-Shiung	1913 - 1997	Chinese-American (b.	Ph.D. 1940 UC Berkeley
		Shanghai, China)	(Emilio Segré); discovered
			non-conservation of parity in
			beta decay
Zucker, Lois Mason	1913 -	American (b. Franklin,	Zucker-Hammett hypothesis
		Pennsylvania, USA)	(1939); Ph.D. 1940 Columbia
			(Louis P. Hammett)

Note: Italicized names are those believed to be still alive at the time of this writing.

Kathleen Blodgett (1898 - 1979)

Kathleen Blodgett was the first female research scientist ever employed at General Electric in Schenectady, New York. Her father was the head of the patent department at the GE plant though he had already been dead before Kathleen was born. After completing her M.Sc. at U Chicago she worked as an assistant to Irving Langmuir from 1918 to 1924. She then obtained a Ph.D. degree in physics from Cambridge University under Ernest Rutherford, the first woman to have received a doctorate from that institution. Her entrance to Cambridge required the persuasion of Langmuir to overcome biases of faculty and administrators.

<u>E. Hilda Usherwood Ingold</u> (wife of Sir Christopher K. Ingold) was also a chemist. She and her husband described mesomeric and inductive effects in a series of papers beginning with *J. Chem. Soc.* **1926**, 1310.

Her work is cited in C.K. Ingold's celebrated classic "Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry" in which she also assisted her husband in preparing the manuscript.

Marie Anne Lavoisier (1758 - 1836)

Marie Lavoisier married Antoine when she was 14 years old. Her training was in draftsmanship and she transcribed and translated Antoine's chemistry texts. She published Antoine's *Memoires de chemie*. It is speculated that she worked in her husband's laboratory as she is depicted in a painting by Jacques Louis David (1788) as working alongside Antoine. Her father and Antoine were guillotined in 1794 due to their involvement as tax farmers during the French Revolution. Soon after she married Count Rumford in 1805 after an affair, however the marriage did not last. They separated in 1809. Little else is known about her.

Maud Leonora Menten (1879 - 1960)

Text of plaque in front of Medical Sciences Building, University of Toronto, Queen's Park erected by the Ontario Heritage Foundation, Ministry of Culture and Recreation:

"An outstanding medical scientist, Maud Menten was born in Port Lambton. She graduated in medicine from the University of Toronto in 1907 and four years later became one of the first Canadian women to receive a medical doctorate. In 1913, in Germany, collaboration with Leonor Michaelis on the behaviour of enzymes resulted in the Michaelis-Menten equation, a basic biochemical concept which brought them international recognition. Menten continued her brilliant career as a pathologist at the University of Pittsburgh from 1918, publishing extensively on medical and biochemical subjects. Her many achievements included important co-discoveries relating to blood sugar, hemoglobin, and kidney functions. Between 1951 and 1954 she conducted cancer research in British Columbia and returned to Ontario six years before she died."

Helen Cecilia deSilver Abbott Michael (wife of Arthur Michael of the Michael 1,4-addition reaction) was also a chemist. She published 15 papers between 1883 and 1896. She was his assistant in his private laboratory on the Isle of Wight. She also published a book "Studies in Plant and Organic Chemistry and Literary Papers," Cambridge, 1907. She was born on December 23, 1857 in Philadelphia. She studied medicine at Tufts University and obtained her medical degree in 1903. She also studied chemistry with Prof. Michael at Tufts College in Boston and married him in June 1888. She died of grippe on November 29, 1904. (See Grinstein, L. S.; Rose, R.K.; Rafailovich, M.H., Women in Chemistry and Physics: A Biobibliographic Sourcebook, Greenwood Press: Westport, Conn., 1993, pp. 405 – 9; Tarbell, A.T.; Tarbell, D.S. J. Chem. Educ. 1982, 59, 548 – 9)

Marguerite Perey (1909 - 1975)

Marguerite Perey was the first woman to be admitted to the French Academy of Sciences. She was a lab assistant in the labs of Marie Curie at the Radium Institute in Paris. When Perey first met Curie, Curie thought that Perey was the lab's secretary and not a coworker. Despite this first encounter her talents

impressed Curie enough to forge a lasting mentor relationship. Due to her work with radioactive materials she too died of cancer as did Curie.

Margaret Hilda Thatcher (née Roberts) (1925 -) earned a B.Sc. in Chemistry from Somerville College, Oxford. She worked with Dorothy Mary Hodgkin (née Crowfoot) (1910 - 1994), b. Cairo, Egypt, Nobel Laureate in Chemistry 1964) on the structure of nucleic proteins by x-ray crystallography.

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Cori cycle

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Curie unit of radiation

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Discovery of francium (element 87)

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Discovery of non-conservation parity laws

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Discovery of polonium (element 84)

Curie, M.S., Curie, P., Compt. Rend. 1898, 127, 175

Discovery of pulsars

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Discovery of radium (element 88)

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